

Stopping breastfeeding until advised for certain radioactive tests

Department of Nuclear Medicine

Last reviewed: January 2025

Next review: Janu

January 2028

Information for Patients

Leaflet number: 1212 Version: 2

Introduction

Your doctor would like you to have a nuclear medicine test which involves radiation. You will have received another leaflet which will tell you about your test.

This leaflet is for breastfeeding individuals having a nuclear medicine test which requires a pause in breastfeeding. It should answer some of the questions you may have.

Different nuclear medicine tests have different breastfeeding instructions. Please only follow the instructions on the leaflet given to you by the department.

If it has been less than 7 days since you have given birth, this is the wrong leaflet for you.

Why do I need to stop breastfeeding for the test?

During the test we will give you a small amount of radioactive tracer. Different tests involve different levels of radiation. Different types of tracers go to different body parts.

Some of the tracer can go into your breastmilk. If your child drinks this milk they could take in a small amount of the radioactive substance.

We advise you to stop breastfeeding until the time stated on this leaflet. This is to reduce the radiation dose to your child as much as possible.

How should I feed my child when I can't breastfeed?

 Use expressed breastmilk from before your test: you can express and store your milk before the start of the test. You use this milk to feed your child after the test.

Health information and support is available at www.nhs.uk or call 111 for non-emergency medical advice

Visit www.leicestershospitals.nhs.uk for maps and information about visiting Leicester's Hospitals To give feedback about this information sheet, contact InformationForPatients@uhl-tr.nhs.uk



- **Special feeding cups**: if your child has only been breastfed or is still learning how to breastfeed, there are special cups that you can use instead of bottles. You will need someone to show you how to do this (see contact details below). Even very young children can be fed in this way.
- **Training bottles and cups**: if your child sometimes uses a bottle or trainer cup you can use this to feed them.

If you need help with expressing and storing your milk or feeding your child, please ask your midwife, your health visitor or a voluntary breastfeeding counsellor (details below).

More information and guidance is available from the following organisations:

 For advice on how to express and store your milk, visit the NHS website: https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/baby/breastfeeding-and-bottle-feeding/breastfeeding/expressing-breast-milk/

National Childbirth Trust:
 0300 330 0700 https://www.nct.org.uk/

La Leche League GB: 0345 120 2918 https://www.laleche.org.uk/

National Breastfeeding Helpline: 0300 100 0212

Association of Breastfeeding Mothers: https://abm.me.uk/

What happens on the day of the test?

It is important that you follow these instructions:

- 1. Anytime before your test, you need to have at least 1 feed expressed and stored.
- 2. You should feed your child normally just before the start of your test.
- 3. 3 to 4 hours after you have been given your radioactive tracer, you need to:
 - express your milk fully from both breasts
 - throw this milk away
 - feed your child some other way (see page 1 and above). You can use any milk you
 expressed and stored before the test started.

4.	You can d	o back to	breastfeeding	normally after:

Time:	Day and date:
1 111101	ay and dator

Hospital staff (nuclear medicine technician/ radiographer) will complete the above for you.

Expressing and throwing away your milk will get rid of some of the radioactivity from your breast area. **You must not give this milk to your child**. You should express fully from both breasts.

Do not go back to breastfeeding until we tell you as written above. This is to let the amount of radioactivity in your milk go down. This will keep the radioactivity your child gets from your milk to a very low level.

Why use radiation?

Different types of tests tell your doctor different things. Your doctor thinks that a nuclear medicine test involving radiation is the best type of test for you.

How much radiation will my child get from my breast milk?

If you follow the advice in this leaflet your child will get only a tiny amount of radiation from the radioactivity from your breastmilk.

Everyone receives a small amount of radiation from the environment. The radiation dose your child will get will be less than what we all get every 6 months from the environment. You do not need to worry.

Can I bring someone with me to my appointment?

You may want to bring a relative or friend with you. Friends and relatives will not be allowed into the room during the test, unless we need their assistance.

Please do not bring children with you to your appointment. Radiation is more hazardous for children and pregnant women than for adults. Please do not bring children into the Nuclear Medicine Department unless they are coming for a scan.

Getting to your appointment

For patients who meet eligible criteria, our patient transport service is available if you need transport to and from your appointment. Please see our website:

https://www.leicestershospitals.nhs.uk

Directions to Nuclear Medicine:

- Leicester Royal Infirmary: Level 0, Sandringham Building (behind the multi-storey car park).
- Glenfield Hospital: the department is best reached from the east entrance.



Patient Information Forum



Contact details

For specific information about your test, please contact (answering machine is checked during office hours):

Leicester Royal Infirmary: 0116 258 5627 Glenfield Hospital: 0116 258 3850

Leicester Radiopharmacy Service: 0116 258 5579

If you have a question about your medical condition please contact your GP or the doctor who made your referral.

Further information

Useful websites:						
www.bnms.org.uk	www.radiologyinfo.org	www.patient.co.uk				
If you have any questions, write them down here to remind you what to ask:						
		·····				
		-				

اگر آپ کو یہ معلومات کسی اور زبان میں درکار ہیں، تو براہِ کرم مندرجہ ذیل نمبر پر ٹیلی فون کریں۔ علی ھذہ المعلومات بلغةٍ أُخرى، الرجاء الاتصال علی رقم الهاتف الذي يظهر في الأسفل જો તમને અન્ય ભાષામાં આ માહિતી જોઈતી હોય, તો નીચે આપેલ નંબર પર કૃપા કરી ટેલિફોન કરો

ਜੇ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਇਹ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਕਿਸੇ ਹੋਰ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਚ ਚਾਹੁੰਦੇ ਹੋ, ਤਾਂ ਕਿਰਪਾ ਕਰਕੇ ਹੇਠਾਂ ਦਿੱਤੇ ਗਏ ਨੰਬਰ 'ਤੇ ਟੈਲੀਫੋਨ ਕਰੋ। Aby uzyskać informacje w innym języku, proszę zadzwonić pod podany niżej numer telefonu

If you would like this information in another language or format such as EasyRead or Braille, please telephone 0116 250 2959 or email equality@uhl-tr.nhs.uk

